AMENDMENT(S) TO THE CLAIMS:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims on the application. All claims are set forth below with one of the following annotations.

- (Original): Claim filed with the application.

- (Currently amended): Claim being amended in the current amendment paper.

- (Canceled): Claim cancelled or deleted from the application. No claim text is shown.

- (Withdrawn): Claim still in the application, but in a non-elected status.

- (New): Claim being added in the current amendment paper.

- (Previously presented): Claim added or amended in an earlier amendment paper.

- (Not entered): Claim presented in a previous amendment, but not entered or whose entry status unknown. No claim text is shown.

1.   (Currently amended) A method comprising:

accepting a string of characters representing a possibly incorrectly entered URL, ;

parsing the string into a set of URL parts, a part formed from characters having values in a first space of characters, each part having a corresponding distance measure of closeness for measuring distances between URL parts;

forming a signature of each URL part, forming said signature including, in the case the distance measure of closeness for a URL part in the first space in integer valued, transforming the characters of the URL part whose values are in the first space into characters in a second space such that the distance measure of closeness is transformed to a distance measure of closeness that is not necessarily integer valued;

for each URL part, searching for at least one cluster of a set of pre-formed clusters, the set of pre-formed clusters being clusters of valid URL parts that are close according to the distance measure of closeness that is not necessarily integer valued, each cluster in the set of pre-formed clusters having a representative URL part and signature thereof, the searching using the signature of the URL part;

further searching for a valid URL part within each cluster found in the searching step,

wherein at least one URL part includes one or more non-text non-numerical characters.

2.   (Currently Amended) A method for resolving a possibly incorrectly entered URL comprising:

accepting the entered URL;

parsing the accepted URL into URL parts;

carrying out a conventional URL lookup; and

for any part of the accepted URL that is not valid:

determining a signature for the accepted URL part; and

conducting a fuzzy search for at least one valid URL part that is close to the invalid URL part according to a distance measure that combines at least one local measure, each measure suited for a particular type of URL part,

wherein in the case the not-valid accepted URL part includes characters in a first space wherein a distance measure of closeness is integer-valued, the determining of the signature of the accepted URL part includes converting the first space into a second space such that the signature of the URL part is represented by one or more elements in the second space, the second space being a space wherein the distance measure for comparing signatures of URL parts is non-integer or a general distance function in a metric space, such that cluster analysis can be performed on signatures of valid URLs or URL parts, and

wherein at least one URL part includes one or more non-text non-numerical characters.

3.   (Cancelled)

4. (Currently amended) ~~A method~~ The method as recited in claim 2, further comprising forming at least one valid URLs from the URL parts found in the fuzzy search.

5. (Currently amended) ~~A method~~ The method as recited in claim 2, wherein each URL part includes characters from a corresponding alphabet, the alphabet being of letters in the case of text, of phonemes in the case of sounds, of glyphs in the case of glyphs/images, and of numbers in the case of a numerical URL parts.

6. (Currently amended) ~~A method~~ The method as recited in claim 2, wherein conducting the fuzzy search occurs at different parts of a computer network according to the type of part that was carrying out the conventional URL lookup determines is not valid.

7. (Currently amended) ~~A method~~ The method as recited in claim 2, wherein conducting the fuzzy search includes:

    determining at least one cluster of a set of pre-formed clusters wherein the accepted URL part is likely to be, each cluster comprising a set of valid URL parts that are close according to a distance measure and having a representative URL part having a known signature, the determining including finding at least one signature of representative URLs close to the signature of the accepted URL part; and

    further searching for a valid URL part within the at least one determined clusters.

8. (Cancelled)

9. (Cancelled)

10. (Currently amended) ~~A method~~ The method as recited in ~~claim 8~~ claim 2, wherein the second space is n-dimensional Euclidean space such that the signature of the URL part is a sequence of n-dimensional vectors.

11. (Currently amended) ~~A method~~ The method as recited in claim 10, wherein the values of the converted characters are on the unit sphere such that the second space is

transformed to the n-dimensional unit sphere, wherein the signature of the URL part is
a sequence of n-dimensional vectors on the unit sphere, and wherein calculating the
distance between two URL parts can be carried out by a convolution-like operation on
the signatures of the two URL parts.

12. (Currently amended) ~~A method~~ The method as recited in claim 2, the local measures
include at least one distance measures from the set consisting of ~~a string comparison
measure for URL parts for which string comparison is appropriate,~~ a phonetic
difference for URL parts for which sound comparison is appropriate, and image
comparison for URL parts that include glyphs/images for which image comparison is
appropriate, and a numerical difference for URL parts that are numerical and for
which numerical comparison is appropriate.

13. (Currently amended) ~~A method~~ The method as recited in claim 6, wherein the
computer network is the Internet.

14. (Currently amended) ~~A method~~ The method as recited in claim 6, wherein the
computer network is a private network.

15. (Currently amended) ~~A method~~ The method as recited in claim 4 further including the
steps of:

    displaying a list of formed URLs to a user of a IP client; and

    prompting the user of the IP client to select a one of formed URLs in the list.

16. (Currently amended) ~~A method~~ The method as recited in claim 2, wherein the fuzzy
search is performed at a client of a computer network.

17. (Currently amended) ~~A method~~ The method as recited in claim 2, wherein the fuzzy
search is performed at a server of a computer network.

18. (Currently amended) A ~~carrier~~ computer-readable medium ~~carrying~~ having encoded
thereon at least one computer readable code segment for instructing a processor of a
processing system ~~to implement~~ , the at least one code segment when executed

carrying out a method for resolving a possibly incorrectly entered URL, the method comprising:

accepting the entered URL;

parsing the accepted URL into URL parts;

carrying out a conventional URL lookup; and

for any part of the accepted URL that is not valid:

determining a signature for the accepted URL part; and

conducting a fuzzy search at least one valid URL part that is close to the invalid URL part according to a distance measure that combines at least one local measure, each measure suited for a particular type of URL part,

wherein in the case the not-valid accepted URL part includes characters in a first space wherein a distance measure of closeness is integer-valued, the determining of the signature of the accepted URL part includes converting the first space into a second space such that the signature of the URL part is a sequence of values in the second space, the second space being a space wherein the distance measure for comparing signatures of URL parts is non-integer or a general distance function in a metric space, such that cluster analysis can be performed on signatures of valid URLs or URL parts, and wherein at least one URL part includes one or more non-text non-numerical characters.

19. (Currently amended) A carrier medium The computer-readable medium as recited in claim 18, wherein the method further comprises forming at least one valid URL from the URL parts found in the fuzzy search.

20. (Currently amended) A carrier medium The computer-readable medium as recited in claim 18, wherein conducting the fuzzy search includes:

determining at least one cluster of a set of pre-formed clusters wherein the accepted URL part is likely to be, each cluster comprising a set of valid URL parts that are close according to a distance measure and having a representative URL part having a known signature, the determining including finding at least one signatureof at least one representative URL close to the signature of the accepted URL part; and

further searching for a valid URL part within the at least one determined cluster.

21. (Cancelled)

22. (Cancelled)

23. (Currently amended) A carrier medium The computer-readable medium as recited in claim 21 claim 18, wherein the second space is n-dimensional Euclidean space such that the signature of the URL part is a sequence of n-dimensional vectors.

24. (Currently amended) A carrier medium The computer-readable medium as recited in claim 23, wherein the values of the converted characters are on the unit sphere such that the second space is transformed to the n-dimensional unit sphere, wherein the signature of the URL part is a sequence of n-dimensional vectors on the unit sphere, and wherein calculating the distance between two URL parts can be carried out by a convolution-like operation on the signatures of the two URL parts.

25. (Currently amended) A carrier medium The computer-readable medium as recited in claim 18, wherein the local measures include at least one distance measure from the set consisting of a string comparison measure for URL parts for which string comparison is appropriate, a phonetic difference for URL parts for which sound comparison is appropriate, and a numerical difference for URL parts that are numerical and for which numerical comparison is appropriate.

26. (Currently amended) A carrier medium The computer-readable medium as recited in claim 18, wherein the local measures include one or more distance measures from the

set consisting of a string comparison measure for URL parts for which string

comparison is appropriate, a phonetic distance for URL parts for which sound

comparison is appropriate, a glyph distance between images/icons for parts where it is

appropriate, and a numerical distance for URL parts that are numerical and for which

numerical comparison is appropriate.

27.   (Currently Amended) A method of conducting a fuzzy search for a source URL part

that closely matches a valid URL part, comprising:

determining a signature for the source URL part;

determining at least one cluster of a set of pre-formed clusters

wherein the source URL part is likely to be, each cluster comprising a set of

valid URL parts that are close according to a distance measure and having a

representative URL part having a known signature, the determining of the

likely clusters including finding at least one signature of representative

URLs close to the signature of the accepted URL part; and

further searching for a valid URL part within the at least one

determined cluster

wherein the source URL part includes at least one a non-text non-numerical

symbol.

28.   (Currently amended) ~~A method~~ The method as recited in claim 27, wherein in the case

the source URL part includes characters in a first space wherein a distance measure of

closeness is integer-valued, ~~and wherein~~ the determining of the signature of the source

URL part includes converting the first space into a second space such that the

signature of the URL part is a sequence of values in the second space, the second

space being a space wherein the distance measure for comparing signatures of URL

parts is non-integer such that cluster analysis can be performed on signatures of valid

URLs or URL parts.

29. (Cancelled).

30. (Currently amended) ~~A method~~ <u>The method</u> as recited in claim 28, wherein the second space is n-dimensional Euclidean space such that the signature of the URL part is a sequence of n-dimensional vectors.

31. (Currently amended) ~~A method~~ <u>The method</u> as recited in claim 30, wherein the values of the converted characters are on the unit sphere such that the second space is transformed to the n-dimensional unit sphere, wherein the signature of the URL part is a sequence of n-dimensional vectors on the unit sphere, and wherein calculating the distance between two URL parts can be carried out by a convolution-like operation on the signatures of the two URL parts.

32. (Currently amended) A method comprising:

accepting a string of symbols representing a possibly incorrectly entered URL, ~~each symbol being a text character, phoneme or glyph~~ <u>at least one symbol being a non-text non-numerical symbol</u>;

parsing the string into a set of URL parts, a part formed from characters having values in a first space of characters, each part having a corresponding distance measure of closeness for measuring distances between URL parts;

forming a signature of each URL part, forming said signature including <u>in the case that the corresponding distance measure of closeness for the first space for at least one part is integer valued,</u> transforming the characters of the URL part whose values are in the first space into characters in a second space such that the distance measure of closeness is transformed to a distance measure of closeness that is not necessarily integer valued;

for each URL part, searching for one or more clusters of a set of pre-formed clusters, the set of pre-formed clusters being clusters of valid URL parts that are close according to the distance measure of closeness that is not necessarily integer valued, but a general distance function in a metric space, each cluster in the set of pre-formed clusters having a representative URL part and signature thereof, the searching using the signature of the URL part;

further searching for a valid URL part within each cluster found in the searching

step.